

ARMED THUGS HURT THIS LABOR LEADER

Donnelly Left for Dead by
Rival's Followers.

ECHO OF CHICAGO UNION WAR

Chief Brutally Assaulted by Hired
Touts of Old Driscoll "Ma-
chine" Gang.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Sluggers of the "wrecking crew" type invaded the Chicago Federation of Labor at its semi-annual election, and after holding up the judges at the point of revolvers and tearing up the ballots, used brass knuckles and slungshots on Michael Donnelly, prominent among the conservative labor leaders, and left him for dead on the floor of Bricklayers' Hall.

The assault by the thugs, which was carried out with a "wild west" audacity and a precision that showed careful drilling, was the method adopted to block "anti-machine" reforms in the organization. The assailants are unknown—they were not even recognized by the men they held up—but circumstantial evidence indicates that in attempting deliberate murder they were acting at the instigation of the old "gang" element, the crowd that invented the "educational crew" and "Driscollism" as an agent for beating strike-breakers into submission.

Nearly Killed Once Before.

In picking Michael Donnelly, who is president of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen of North America, as the victim, the thugs selected the labor leader who was directly responsible for the repudiation of John C. Driscoll by the Federation three years ago. Donnelly is a man of unimpeachable character, and his ability was shown last summer when he conducted the stock yards strike. Three years ago Donnelly was the victim of a similar assault, when he was beaten severely by sluggers and had carbolic acid poured into his mouth. Driscoll confessed recently to a grand jury that he had paid hired assassins \$50 each to "put Donnelly away."

Donnelly may recover, but will probably lose the use of his right eye. After breaking up the election, the sluggers made an attempt to get President Dold, of the Federation, but were frightened away by friends of the labor leader. This was taken as an indication that the wrecking crew was under instructions to slay several of the men who have taken a prominent part in the reorganization of the Federation on the lines that resulted in the disposal of the "machine" six months ago.

Threatened in Savage Note.

For a week the old element had been threatening violence at the election, and Friday and Saturday it was openly predicted that a bloody fight would occur at the polls. The issue was the reform element against the "opposition," with Charles Dold, of the Piano and Organ Workers, as reform candidate, and J. P. O'Neill, of the Freight Handlers, as candidate of the "opposition." An hour before the polls opened an anonymous message was received by President Dold, reading:

"If O'Neill is not elected there will be hell to pay at the polls." The attack occurred at noon yesterday, two hours after the polls were opened and at a time when Bricklayers' Hall was deserted except for the judges of election, watchers, and sergeant-at-arms. The saloon beneath the hall was crowded with delegates at the time while the street outside was packed with labor men discussing the probable outcome of the election. About 300 votes had been cast at noon when a man entered the hall and sauntered up to the balloting table. He asked for a ballot, but was challenged and left in an assumed rage. Apparently to get his credentials, the judges directed the visitor to take deliberate survey of the hall, but paid no attention to the matter.

Judges Held Up by Armed Men. A few minutes later, while eight men, heavily armed, guarded the stairs and subbed all who ventured that way, seven armed men entered the hall and lined the judges of the election up in front of the ballotboxes under pain of "having their blocks blown off" if they uttered a sound. Knowing the desperate character of the "educational committee," the judges obeyed without a quibble.

"These guys don't look like Donnelly," said one of the thugs. The judges were then packed in a small room, where two armed men mounted guard over them. The others waited until Donnelly came into the hall, when they set upon him and beat him until he was supposed to be dead. They then destroyed the ballots and escaped.

Teamsters in Bloody Fight.

Last night a serious riot was narrowly averted between union and non-union teamsters. Nearly 100 non-union teamsters who have taken the places of the strikers have been living in the vicinity of union headquarters. A number of union men leaving Bricklayers' Hall encountered some non-union drivers.

A general fight was soon in progress. Clubs and bricks were being used indiscriminately and several shots were fired, but the police, who had been summoned when the trouble commenced, arrived in time to prevent bloodshed. It was necessary to make several arrests, however, before the opposing factions could be separated.

MACFARLAND TENDERED UNITED CHARITIES JOB

Commissioner Macfarland has received a proposition from the United Charities of America to become their vice president and general manager for the District of Columbia.

Mr. Macfarland has been written to by D. F. Sutherland, of Guilford, Conn., president of the organization, asking him to accept the position.

MOB AFTER MEN CHARGED WITH KILLING WOMAN

MONTGOMERY, Ala., July 17.—Upon the request of the sheriff of Gadsden, Ala., the governor has wired the captain of the military company at Gadsden to be in readiness to protect five colored men in jail there, charged with murdering a white woman.

The jail is said to be surrounded by an angry mob.

SNAKE IN CARRIAGE: BABY IS NOT HARMED

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., July 17.—A snake three feet long crawled into a baby carriage in which was an infant of Mrs. Edward Hain. The mother hurriedly put a woman neighbor threw the snake in the street and killed it with a stone.

WOMAN WHO ATTEMPTED TO COMMIT SUICIDE AND HER MALE COMPANION



MRS. JANET WILSON AND WALTER LANGDON.
The Woman Recently Fled From a New York Asylum to Milford, Conn., Where
the Couple Lived Under Assumed Names.

Certificates of Merit For Some Soldier Heroes

Color Sergeant, Wounded, Continues Ad-
vance—Captain Killed; Private
Saves the Day.

The War Department has promulgated a long order naming the men of the army to whom certificates of merit were awarded for exceptional conduct between January 1, 1904, and June 30, 1905.

The names of some of the men and the reason why the department has so distinguished them by certificates of merit follow:

Gallant Color Sergeant.

James Alexander, color sergeant of the Fourth Cavalry, February 2, 1904, action at the Rio Chico, Nueva Ecija, P. I., on December 6, 1900, gallantry in action while first sergeant of Troop A, Fourth United States Cavalry, in continuing to advance in the charge over the river, although seriously wounded (shot through the shoulder), encouraged the men by his example and paying no attention to his wound.

Captain Killed But Private Fought On.

William W. Ballou, private of Troop D, Fifteenth United States Cavalry (discharged on January 23, 1904), on February 2, 1904, action at Sucatan, Mindanao, P. I., May 13, 1902, distinguished services in action in continuing to fight courageously after his captain and one comrade had been killed and his remaining comrade seriously wounded, until the enemy was driven off, thereby saving fourteen cavalry horses, fully equipped, and other Government property.

Sergeant Saved Officers.

Thomas Carver, private, Company A, Twenty-second United States Infantry, November 15, 1904, action on the Ramon river, near Lake Lanao, Mindanao, P. I., January 22, 1904, gallant and meritorious conduct in action while a corporal of Company A, Twenty-second United States Infantry, in placing himself in the gateway of a Moro fort where two officers had just been wounded by the fire of the enemy within the fort, which exposed position he maintained a fire on the enemy, thus diverting their fire from one of the wounded officers who had fallen forward within the fort, and enabling that officer to reach a place of safety.

A Hero of Tientsin.

Thomas Carver, private, Company A, Fifteenth United States Infantry, February 2, 1904, action at Tientsin, China, July 13, 1900, conspicuous gallantry in action while a private in Company B, Ninth United States Infantry, in voluntarily carrying under a heavy fire messages to the commanding general from a position about 200 yards from the enemy and returning with replies.

Plunged Into River.

William H. Deaver, sergeant, general service, United States Army, February 2, 1904, gallant conduct while a sergeant in Company H, Third United States Infantry, during the operations of General Grant in the Philippine Islands in December, 1899, particularly on the night of December 3, 1899, when he, without a moment's hesitation, plunged into the Alampay river, near Hermosa, P. I., the night being dark and the water deep, and, with the assistance of others, managed to reach a position which enabled the rest of the command to cross.

Hospital Man a Fighter.

Otto Herter, private, first class, Hospital Corps, United States Army (discharged January 23, 1905), February 2, 1904, near Baguio-Bantay, Rizal, Luzon, P. I., March 27, 1902, meritorious conduct during an engagement with ladrones, while a private, Hospital Corps, in taking the gun of a wounded man, moving up on the firing line, displaying much coolness and bravery during the capture of a secret and setting an excellent example for the troops of the command.

George W. Hull, sergeant, Company D, Second United States Army, December 24, 1904, Malabang, Mindanao, P. I., May 21, 1904, distinguished conduct while a first-class private, Signal Corps, in saving a comrade from drowning by diving into ten feet of water, seizing his inanimate body and swimming a considerable distance to shallow water.

Won Fame Under Assumed Name.

Edward S. Kelley, cook, Troop A, Fifth United States Cavalry (discharged September 19, 1904), April 12, 1904, near Lake Lanao, Mindanao, P. I., May 2, 1902, conspicuous gallantry in action,

while serving under the name of Fred Corrigan as a sergeant, Company B, Twenty-seventh United States Infantry, in attempting under heavy fire to scale the walls of Fort Pandapatan.

Rescued Wounded Comrade.

Richard H. McComyn, sergeant, first class, Hospital Corps, United States Army, February 2, 1904, San Juan, Santiago, Cuba, July 1, 1898, gallant conduct and highly distinguished service, while a private, Troop A, Sixth United States Cavalry, in voluntarily leaving shelter and, in the direct line of well-directed and continuous fire from the enemy, assisting in the rescue of a seriously wounded comrade who had fallen in the command.

James McLaughlin, color sergeant, Twenty-seventh United States Infantry, April 12, 1904, Baguio, near Lake Lanao, Mindanao, P. I., May 2, 1902, conspicuous gallantry in action, while a corporal, Company B, Twenty-seventh United States Infantry, in attempting under heavy fire to force an entrance at the gate of Fort Pandapatan.

James L. McMillen, private, Company G, Twelfth Infantry (discharged May 20, 1905), February 2, 1904, El Caney, Cuba, July 1, 1898, coolness and bravery displayed by him, while a private, Company H, Twelfth United States Infantry, in volunteering to cut, and successfully accomplishing the cutting of, five barbed-wire fences in a dozen places under fire, thereby saving the yards of the trenches of the enemy.

Successed Wounded Under Fire.

John P. McSweeney, private, unassigned, Twenty-third United States Infantry, February 2, 1904, Tientsin, China, July 13, 1900, distinguished conduct during the battle, while a private, Company H, Ninth United States Infantry, in voluntarily going, at the imminent expense of his own life, to the assistance of a wounded officer of his regiment and, while under the fire of sharpshooters, helping to bind up the wounds until wounded himself.

George Moreland, private, Company K, Fifth United States Infantry, February 2, 1904, Calapan, Guimaras, P. I., October 20, 1902, highly meritorious conduct, while a private, Company L, Twenty-second United States Infantry, in voluntarily nursing a comrade, who was suffering from Asiatic cholera while without assistance, procuring the body for burial, thereby contracting the disease and endangering his own life in safeguarding the health of his comrades.

Edward J. Zink, corporal, Company A, Third United States Infantry, June 13, 1904, action on the Ramon river, near Lake Lanao, Mindanao, P. I., January 22, 1904, distinguished conduct in action, while a private, Company A, Twenty-second United States Infantry, in placing himself in the gateway of a Moro fort, where two officers had just been wounded by the fire of the enemy within the fort, which exposed position he maintained, keeping up a fire on the enemy, thus diverting their fire from one of the officers who had fallen forward within the fort and enabling that officer to reach a place of safety.

Disappeared From Transport.

Joseph M. Ward, private, Company B, Seventh United States Infantry (disappeared from hospital on transport April 3, 1905—supposed to have been drowned, May 12, 1905), Baguio, near Lake Lanao, Mindanao, P. I., May 2, 1902, conspicuous gallantry in action while a corporal, Company B, Twenty-seventh United States Infantry, in attempting under heavy fire to scale the walls of Fort Pandapatan.

WALKED INTO CHURCH FANNING WITH RAZOR

EAST MORICHS, I. I., July 17.—Members of the Methodist Church here are just recovering from the shock they received when Mrs. Egbert H. Terry, member of an old Long Island family, walked into church flourishing a razor from a dressing case instead of her fan when she hurried off to church.

FAITHFUL LANGDON QUITS MRS. WILSON

Persuaded He Keeps Her
People From Her.

JUSTICE, NOT LOVE, HIS AIM

Denies Infatuation, and She, in Hospital, Recovering From Shot, Bids Him Tearful Farewell.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 17.—Mrs. Janet Wilson, who attempted suicide by shooting herself in the breast because of the notoriety which attached to her sensational escape from the Hudson River Hospital for the Insane, at Poughkeepsie, on July 5, has said farewell to Walter Langdon, who aided her escape and had been her constant companion since. Langdon has left the city.

When Langdon carried Mrs. Wilson into the hospital Saturday night his wish to remain at her side was seconded by Mrs. Wilson, and he was allowed to stay.

Time to Leave.

At the home of Walter Judson, a college chum, in Stratford, Dr. Charles Langdon, his father, by telephone convinced him that the time had come for him to leave Mrs. Wilson.

Mr. Judson also pointed out to young Langdon that he was entirely without funds, and so long as he remained with Mrs. Wilson she could expect no assistance from her husband or father.

When he told her the meeting was to be their last, she held his hand and begged him not to desert her.

"Who will care for me if you desert me, Walter?" she asked pitifully.

Not for Her Good.

"Nothing would ever induce me to desert you if I were not fully convinced that it is for your good," said the young man. Mrs. Wilson showed signs of becoming hysterical, and the hospital authorities terminated the interview.

Mrs. Wilson is weaker, although there are still hopes of her recovery. The bullet has been found in the pleural cavity, and will be allowed to remain there.

Langdon said last night that he is not infatuated with Mrs. Wilson, but is convinced she is not insane and for that reason had aided her to escape, and his sense of duty would not permit him to abandon her without friends or funds.

The hospital authorities talked with Mrs. Wilson's father, former Representative Low, of New York, but beyond inquiring the particulars of the attempted suicide and ascertaining his daughter's condition he made no comment, and is not expected here.

GERMAN KAISER WANTS HIGH-CLASS WARSHIPS

Convinced That Cruisers of His Navy
Are Inferior to Those of
England.

BERLIN, July 17.—Convinced that the cruisers of the German navy are far inferior to those of Great Britain, the Kaiser has sent to the minister of marine a number of alterations which he wants to be made in the new cruisers to be built during the coming years for the German navy. Instead of 5,500 tons, the size of the vessels is to be increased to 11,000, and the engines will have 20,000 horsepower instead of only 20,000, giving a speed of 22 knots. In the armament, which is to be extraordinarily heavy, as a reply to the new British cruisers of the Alchelles class. They will carry a primary battery of eight 10-inch guns mounted in turrets and able to pierce the strongest armor of twenty-four inches of Harvey-steel at a distance of a mile. Besides these large guns, there will be six 6-inch and twenty rapid-fire guns.

CARROLL INSTITUTE WON.

HERNDON, Va., July 17.—A ninth-inning run game of the Carroll Institute team, of Washington, a victory over the Herndon club here on Saturday afternoon by 4 to 3.

Don't Miss These SPECIALS

From week to week we give our thousands of patrons an opportunity to save money in the buying of daily household needs. The following special prices will hold good at our main store, branches, and market stands until 9 o'clock next Saturday night.

NEW YORK CREAM
CHEESE—Regular
price, 12c per pound, 10 cents per pound

SILVER LEAF LARD—8 cents
Regular price 10c per pound, 8 cents per pound

BEST EGGS
AT PRIME COST

If you enjoy a glass of delicious iced tea, see that it is made from our Tea-Nectar. This tea is used by the leading hotels throughout the country. Price, 60 cents per pound.

GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO.
Main Store, Cor. 7th & E Sts. N. W.
Branches in All Parts of the City. All Markets.

PRINCE STINGS MONEY LENDERS

Acquitted in Berlin on
Fraud Charge.

AFRICAN KING IN STRAITS

Wrote Prisoner, His Son, That Business
of Ruling Is Not Remunerative Just Now.

(Special Copyright Cable.)
BERLIN, July 17.—A black prince, but a real prince after all, has just been acquitted by a Hamburg judge of a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses.

Prince Akwa, a nephew of King Bell, an African monarch, had for weeks amused himself by painting the town of Hamburg a lively red with money which he borrowed from certain gentlemen who make it a business to assist people who are in distress.

The prince had given no security but his royal word that his father would pay his debts. Time passed, however, and no remittance came from his African majesty.

At last the money lender had the prince arrested. In court he produced a letter from his father in which the king said that because of circumstances beyond his control the king business was rather poor at present, and that it was impossible for him to send the six thousand marks which his son had borrowed.

As this letter seemed to prove that the prince had never had any intention of defrauding the money lenders of Hamburg, the judge, with evident pleasure, seized the opportunity of teaching the usurers a lesson and acquitted the prince.

BABY'S AWFUL SKIN HUMOR

Doctors and Hospitals Called it
Chronic Eczema and Said Sores
Never Could Be Healed—Child
Was Getting So Bad Mother
Didn't Know What To Do.

CURED BY CUTICURA
AT EXPENSE OF \$1.75

"Words cannot express my gratitude for what Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Resolvent have done for my son, who when two years old had Eczema as bad as any child could have it. I had several doctors, but when they stopped treating him his head would begin to get sore again, almost the next day. It got so bad I really didn't know what to do. At last we took him to the hospital, where the doctors said he had Chronic Eczema. They gave me a wash for it, but said it was foolish to think of it ever being cured."

"The child was failing so I thought I must do something, and reading about Cuticura, I went to the nearest drug store and purchased a set of Cuticura Remedies. I used half of it and found some relief and improvement, but thought the change for the better was only temporary, as it had been with all the other medicines ordered by the doctors. But by the time I had used one small bottle of Resolvent, and one cake of Soap, the cure was complete and permanent, with not a sign of a sore from that day to this—over two years. I shall never be without Cuticura Soap, I find it so good for the toilet and for the children.—Mrs. J. Scheppeler, 218 Frost St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 9, 1905."

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, from Pimples to Scrofula, from Infancy to Age, consisting of Cuticura Soap, 25c; Ointment, 50c; Resolvent, 50c; in form of Cuticura Cooled Pills, 25c per trial of 60, may be had of all druggists. A single written cure for Eczema, Eruptions, Sores, Scalds, Burns, Itch, etc., sent free. "How to Cure Baby Humors."

THE PALAIS ROYAL

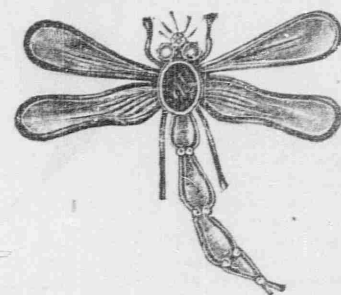
A. LISNER

With rare cunning and the aid of machinery, really beautiful jewelry can be produced to retail at 50c to \$1 apiece. The best designs of real gold are imitated in facsimile and mock precious stones are made as brilliant as are the real.

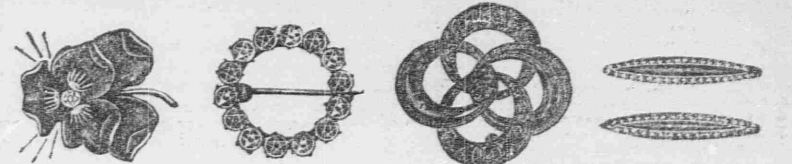
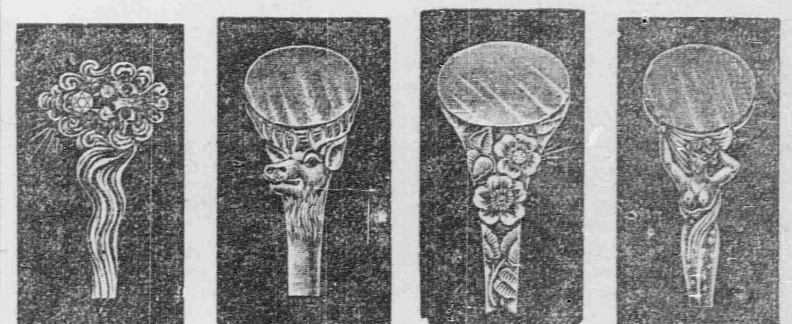
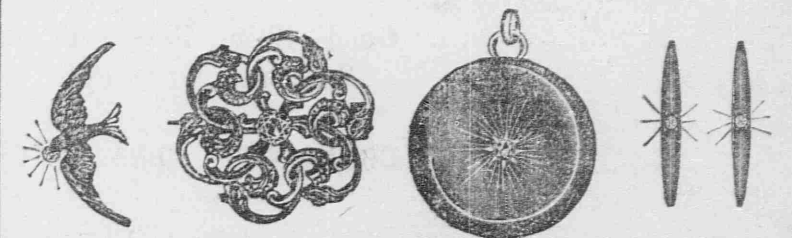
The "Mill and Factory Sale" of "Summer Jewelry" now taking place at the Palais Royal brings you this jewelry at

10c 18c 36c

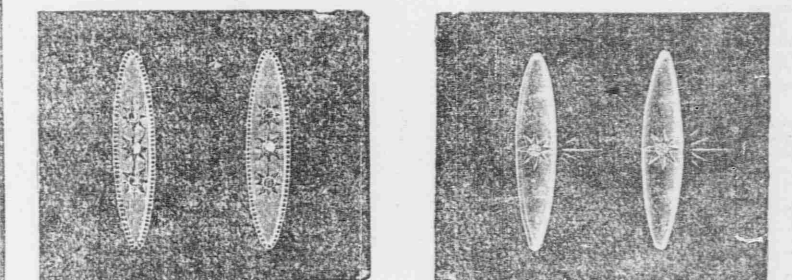
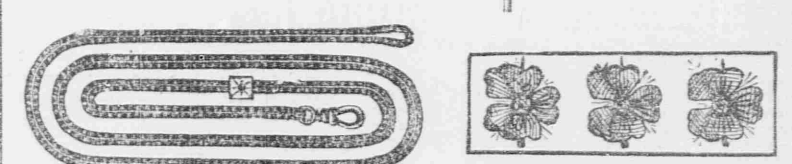
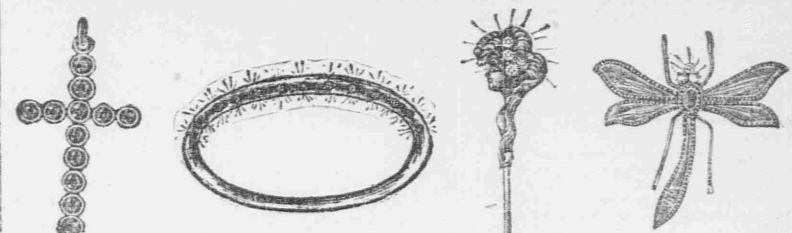
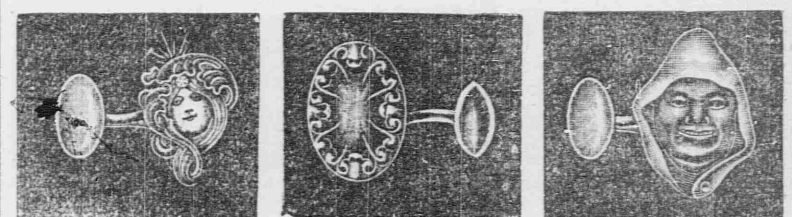
Worth 60c to \$1.00; Looks worth up to \$100



Enter by G Street door. Stop at the first glass show case and critically examine the brooches and hat pins made up in the form of dragon flies and butterflies—and feel assured that if you saw the same specimens in a leading jewelry store you would judge them worth hundreds of dollars rather than ten pennies.



No picture to show you of the large brooch, representing a flower—the prettiest of "Summer Girl" ornaments. Made of enamel, a facsimile of the real in form and coloring, with a tiny diamond glistening like a dew drop. Think of ten cents for such a brooch. It's a ten dollar ornament in facsimile—in reality to those who see milady wear it.



Illustrations are a good feature of an advertisement if they do not misrepresent. The writer most seriously and earnestly assures the reader that the illustrations here do woefully misrepresent. They are but "stock cuts," and poor specimens at that. The jewelry here is infinitely superior, being the very latest styles of the season, including Beauty Pin Sets, plain gold and jeweled centers; Brooch Pins, in new signet, turquoise, and crystal effects; Hat Pins, with Oriental tops, filigree gold, and jewels; Scarf Pins and Stick Pins, all daintily new, some of floral design, some with diamond center; Shirt Waist Sets, of pearl, French enamel, gold plate, jet, and jewels; Chatelaine Watch Pins, gold plate and signet styles, Necklaces of Graduated Turquoise and Jet Chains, 60 inches long; Collar Pins, in new Tiffany effects; everything that is newest, prettiest, and best in "Summer Jewelry." 50c to \$1 values at 10c, 18c, and 36c.

The PALAIS ROYAL
A. Lisner. G Street